

# Getting A-level Ready



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Thank you for your application to join Balcarras Sixth Form. The transition from GCSE to AS and A-level study is a challenging one, and there is no doubt that students who commit to completing preparatory work prior to the commencement of their A-level courses in September are able to meet these challenges with greater success. Please find attached recommended preparation work for the all the post-16 course we offer at Balcarras, including advice on preparing for your EPQ too. If you would like further advice or guidance, please do not hesitate to contact me at [dl@Balcarras.gloucs.sch.uk](mailto:dl@Balcarras.gloucs.sch.uk). Good luck with your GCSEs!

**D. Leatherbarrow**

The most sensible thing one can do before undertaking any A-level course is to familiarise yourself with the actual syllabus. All A-level syllabus specifications, which will give you a full and detailed description of the prescribed course content, and of the nature of the assessment you will face, can be downloaded from the appropriate exam board websites.

**Art - AQA**

**Biology - AQA**

**Business Studies - AQA**

**Chemistry - OCR**

**Computer Science - OCR**

**Drama - Edexcel**

**Economics - AQA**

**English Literature - Edexcel**

**Environmental Science - AQA**

**Food Science & Nutrition - WJEC**

**French - AQA**

**Further Maths - Edexcel**

**Geography - AQA**

**H&SC - OCR**

**History - AQA**

**Maths - Edexcel**

**Music - WJEC**

**PE - OCR**

**Photography - AQA**

**Physics - Edexcel**

**Politics - Edexcel**

**Product Design - AQA**

**Psychology - AQA**

**RS - Exexcel**

**Russian - Edexcel**

**Spanish - AQA**

**Textiles - AQA**

To kick-start the new term in sept it would be really good if you could bring to the table some of your likes with regards to artists' work. I would start on Pinterest and look at all the artists that you have collected over the last two years and use them as inspiration – you will probably find that there is a thread running through your collecting and this might lead to some interesting starting points- but maybe not. Do not worry if the styles of art or the subject matter varies enormously- just use them as a starting point and see where it takes you. This will provide a good talking point for you and your teachers and fellow students. Take a strip of paper and fold it into a concertina. Stick down artists work that you particularly like- try to join the images together by working into the spaces in-between. Be creative and enjoy! You can collage, paper-cut, zoom in to detail, draw, paint, print – use your imagination.

The course in September will focus largely on material use- we will experiment with a range of materials and approaches. You have all been training yourselves over the last two years and have a range of skills and talents. This concertina will allow you to bring your approach to the table. Be brave, adventurous and enjoy the making of it. Art is very much about the doing so don't over think it but just do. See you in September.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KTLxhWLn1M>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7E89BGSv1U4>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lb7OSiqJAel>



**The tasks below will form some of your notes for the course. The idea is that when you are studying these areas, you can just add information to the notes you've already made – it gives you a head start. This work must be brought to your first Biology lesson, and all subsequent Biology lessons until you have covered all of these topics, please.**

Task 1:

Find and draw the molecular structure of alpha and beta glucose. Explain how the 2 molecules are different.

Task 2:

Research the structure of starch and cellulose. Describe the structure of each, and explain how that makes them suited to their functions. Write a summary of the main differences between the 2.

Task 3:

Draw a diagram of an animal cell, labelling the following structures:

Cell membrane

Nucleus

Rough Endoplasmic Reticulum

Smooth Endoplasmic Reticulum

Lysosomes

Cytoplasm

Nucleolus

Ribosomes

Golgi apparatus

Mitochondria

Task 4:

Draw a diagram of a plant cell, labelling the following structures:

Cell membrane

Nucleus

Rough Endoplasmic Reticulum

Smooth Endoplasmic Reticulum

Lysosomes

Chloroplasts

Vacuole

Cytoplasm

Nucleolus

Ribosomes

Golgi apparatus

Mitochondria

Cell Wall

Task 5:

Describe and explain the function of each of these organelles or structures. A few sentences for each will suffice – you will cover the more complicated aspects in class in September.

If you are considering taking Business in Year 12 as one of your A-level options then we would suggest looking at some of the following resources to prepare you for the course ahead:

Download the key areas of the syllabus

Research business examples. Look at the BBC news website. Go to News, Business and then companies. Keep up to date with what is going on. Try and keep a log of current external topics:

- Brexit
- Coronavirus
- Legislation

How do these have positive impacts & negative impacts on businesses?

Keep a brief log of examples as we shall refer to these regularly in Business lessons.

These are really useful websites to look at:

[www.tutor2u.net](http://www.tutor2u.net)

[www.businesscasestudies.co.uk](http://www.businesscasestudies.co.uk)

[www.bbc.co.uk/news/business](http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/business)

Interactive worksheets/videos:

<https://time2resources.co.uk/blog/preparing-year-11-students-for-year-12-business-qualifications-with-inside-aldi/>

# Business Studies

Consider reading one of the following books: (optional but recommended)

## [How I Made It: 40 Successful Entrepreneurs Reveal How They Made Millions](#)

Rachel Bridge

An essential read for anyone that is thinking about starting their own business. Successful Entrepreneurs are interviewed about how they spotted a gap in a market, and developed a USP.

## [The Toyota Way: 14 Management Principles from the World's Greatest Manufacturer](#)

Jeffrey Liker

Covers Japanese Management Techniques such as Kaizen and TQM.

## [Business Stripped Bare: Adventures of a Global Entrepreneur](#)

Sir Richard Branson

The autobiography of Britain's most famous entrepreneur.

## [Sun Tzu - The Art of War for Managers: 50 Strategic Rules Updated for Today's Business](#)

Gerald A. Michaelson

Applying the ancient Chinese rules of battle to modern day business.

## [The Intelligent Investor](#)

Benjamin Graham

The classic book on stock market investment, as recommended by Warren Buffet.

As preparation for the AS level course that you will start in September there are some topics that should review and strengthen from GCSE. Topics which appear on the GCSE course and AS course are covered early in the year. You could also use your GCSE notes or revision guides or websites such as: <https://www.physicsandmathstutor.com/chemistry-revision/a-level-ocr-a/module-2> When you are ready have a go at the questions and you can see how well you did using the mark schemes that are attached.

### **Atomic structure and isotopes:**

(a) isotopes as atoms of the same element with different numbers of neutrons and different masses

(b) atomic structure in terms of the numbers of protons, neutrons and electrons for atoms and ions, given the atomic number, mass number and any ionic charge

### **Relative mass:**

(c) explanation of the terms relative isotopic mass (mass compared with 1/12th mass of carbon-12) and relative atomic mass (weighted mean mass compared with 1/12th mass of carbon-12), based on the mass of a  $^{12}\text{C}$  atom, the standard for atomic masses

(d) use of mass spectrometry in:

(i) the determination of relative isotopic masses and relative abundances of the isotope,

(ii) calculation of the relative atomic mass of an element from the relative abundances of its isotopes.

(e) use of the terms relative molecular mass,  $M_r$ , and relative formula mass and their calculation from relative atomic masses.

### **Determination of formulae**

(b) use of the terms:

(i) empirical formula (the simplest whole number ratio of atoms of each element present in a compound)

(ii) molecular formula (the number and type of atoms of each element in a molecule)

(c) calculations of empirical and molecular formulae, from composition by mass or percentage compositions by mass and relative molecular mass

### **Acids, bases, alkalis and neutralisation**

(a) the formulae of the common acids ( $\text{HCl}$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ ,  $\text{HNO}_3$  and  $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$ ) and the common alkalis ( $\text{NaOH}$ ,  $\text{KOH}$  and  $\text{NH}_3$ ) and explanation that acids release  $\text{H}^+$  ions in aqueous solution and alkalis release  $\text{OH}^-$  ions in aqueous solution

(b) qualitative explanation of strong and weak acids in terms of relative dissociations

(c) neutralisation as the reaction of:

(i)  $\text{H}^+$  and  $\text{OH}^-$  to form  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$

(ii) acids with bases, including carbonates, metal oxides and alkalis (water-soluble bases), to form salts, including full equations

### **Ionic bonding**

(a) ionic bonding as electrostatic attraction between positive and negative ions, and the construction of 'dot-and-cross' diagrams

(b) explanation of the solid structures of giant ionic lattices, resulting from oppositely charged ions strongly attracted in all directions e.g.  $\text{NaCl}$

### **Covalent bonding**

(d) covalent bond as the strong electrostatic attraction between a shared pair of electrons and the nuclei of the bonded atoms

(e) construction of 'dot-and-cross' diagrams of molecules and ions to describe:

(i) single covalent bonding

(ii) multiple covalent bonding

One of the aspects learners often find most difficult about A-Level Computer Science is the practical programming side of the course. This is, understandably, even more challenging for those pupils who have not studied the subject at GCSE level.

In order to make the transition into A-Level as smooth as possible you should aim to **either** re-embed and hopefully improve your existing programming skills **OR** learn the fundamentals of programming to close the gap that may exist having not studied the subject before.

To do this you must **create a simple game using Python.**

The interpretation of 'simple game' is down to you, but this should reflect your current confidence in programming. For beginners this could be simply simulating dice rolls and using this as the basis of a simple game. For those of your more confident you may wish to include simple graphical interfaces.

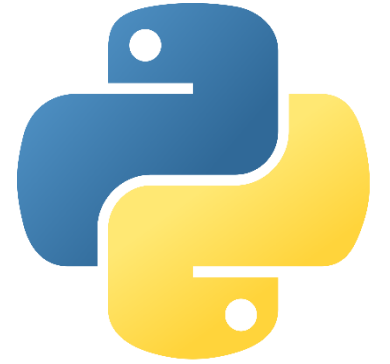
Whatever your choice you should you make sure it includes the following:

- Selection (if statements)
- Iteration (loops)
- Sub-programs (functions / procedures)

Those of you who have studied at Balcarras before will already have **replit** accounts. If you are joining us from another school, you should visit [www.replit.com](https://www.replit.com) and create an account. It is a fantastic resource, and we use this for a large amount of the programming we do in lessons.

You should create your game using **replit** and have it ready to submit on the first lesson in September.

Following guides and tutorials is actively encouraged, however, the direct copy and pasting of code is not. Please bear in mind the aim of this task is to help improve your programming skills and hopefully give you something you'll enjoy doing in the process.



If you're doing Drama & Theatre A Level, here's some useful prep to enhance your knowledge & skills to get ready for this course! Alongside plenty of practical script work & devising experiences, we'll study 2 set texts. These are from contrasting eras of theatre history – both plays are significant in the development of the modern art form.

The modern text is: 'Accidental Death of An Anarchist' by Dario Fo  
The classic piece is Shakespeare's 'The Tempest'

You will need to buy a copy of both texts and it is really important to have the correct copy of Accidental Death of An Anarchist. As it is a translation, different editions vary greatly.

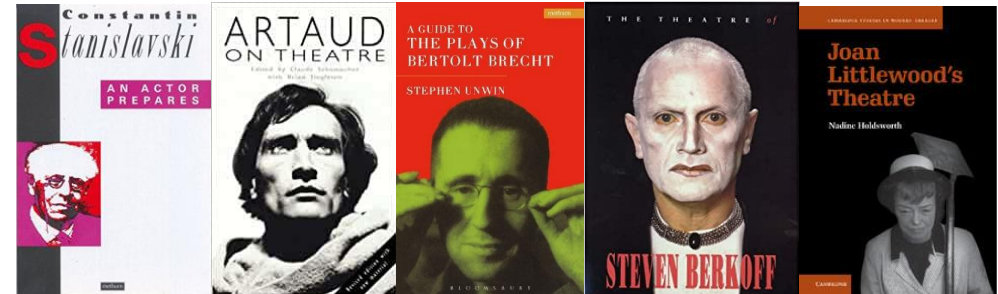
The editions to buy are:

The Oxford School Shakespeare Edition of The Tempest.

Accidental Death of an Anarchist: (Modern Classics New Edition - New Edition)

If you'd like a helpful modern script side by side with the original there's a **No Fear Shakespeare** edition [also on Kindle & iBooks].

We'd suggest you **read plays in stages, perhaps a scene at a time with regular breaks over a few of days**, but feel free to read in one go if that's not too much stress and you can follow all that is going on! [Hint: Try to picture what's happening if you can, modern theatre is a visual medium]. You can also access many interesting video resources online about **The Tempest** and many other dramatic works and **practitioners** with a range of productions & documentaries available on YouTube, **National Theatre & RSC** websites. Other practitioner websites of interest include **Punchdrunk Theatre, Frantic Assembly, Complicite, Kneehigh**.



Students have to cover several practitioners across the course, so any reading about **Stanislavski, Artaud, Brecht, Berkoff, Littlewood** would be valuable. Also, current top directors: **Emma Rice, Katie Mitchell, Lyndsey Turner**.

Some **new playwrights** to research could include:

**Lucy Prebble, Laura Wade, Lucy Kirkwood, Anne Washburn, Ella Hickson, Finn Kennedy, James Graham, Richard Bean, Jack Thorne, Lee Hall.**

If you're interested in **theatre design**, you might want to research **John Napier, Tom Piper, Julie Taymor, Es Devlin**



If you are considering taking Economics in Year 12 as one of your A-level options then we would suggest looking at some of the following resources to prepare you for the course ahead:

Download the key areas of the syllabus

Research the UK Economy. Look at the BBC news website. Go to News, Business and then the Economy. Keep up to date with the key stories linked to the UK and Global Economy. You should be keeping track to changes with

- Interest Rates
- Inflation
- GDP e.g. France has just gone into recession and many others to follow
- Coronavirus impacts on the economy
- What is the UK bailout package?
- What does it mean to furlough staff?

Keep a brief log of what is going on and impacts on the economy. Your two-year course will continually link to these stories.

Consider reading one of the following books:

The Economic Naturalist  
Robert Frank

Freakonomics  
Steven Levitt & Stephen J. Dubner.

Finally these are great websites to look at:

[www.tutor2u.net](http://www.tutor2u.net)

[www.bbc.co.uk/news/business/economy](http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/business/economy)

<https://time2resources.co.uk/blog/preparing-year-11-students-for-year-12-economics-qualifications-the-price-of-petrol/>

# English Literature

If you are considering taking English in Year 12 as one of your four A-level options then we would suggest completing the following work in preparation for the course.

Download or buy copies of the following texts to read in preparation for studying them next year:

'Frankenstein' by Mary Shelley (the Norton critical edition has some really useful essays)

'A Handmaid's Tale' by Margaret Atwood

'A Streetcar named Desire' by Tennessee Williams



## Preparation work ahead of studying 'Frankenstein':

**Research** and create a chronology of Mary Shelley's life

Find out about the views of Mary Shelley's Father William Godwin - how did he believe society should be run?

Make notes on his beliefs

Use the classical booklet (link on the KS4 page) to find out about Prometheus - make some notes on his story

Research real life stories where Science has proved controversial in its aims (e.g. genetic engineering) - make notes on the pros and cons and be ready to share these

**Suggested wider reading:** 'Never Let me go' by Kazuo Ishiguro; 'War of the Worlds' by H.G Wells

## Preparation work ahead of studying 'The Handmaid's Tale':

**Research** Margaret Atwood (look at previous work, general topics of interest to her) <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7a8LnKCzsBw> – This is a lovely interview with her that explores why she wrote the novel and how it is read in the 21<sup>st</sup> century

Research the historical background of the social climate towards feminist ideals and sexuality in the 1980s

Explore what is meant by dystopian and speculative fiction – research and read around this genre (classics such as Orwell's 1984 and Huxley's Brave New World or contemporary works such as Vox by Christina Dalcher and The Power by Naomi Alderman if you are more interested in dystopic feminist literature...Angela Carter is also fab!)

The 'handmaid' has been used as a motif recently for female oppression and protest, explore how the TV series and the sequel 'The Testaments' has catapulted Atwood's story into the present day and how it is culturally relevant despite being written in the 80s

Use this article from the British Library into other areas that may interest you <https://www.bl.uk/20th-century-literature/articles/feminist-literature-puncturing-the-spectacle#>

**Suggested wider reading:** 'The Testaments' by Margaret Atwood; 'Vox' by Christina Dalcher

## Preparation work ahead of studying 'A Streetcar name Desire':

**Research** and make notes on the playwright Tennessee Williams' life

It's worth seeing if you can buy and watch a version of the play (the 1951 film with Marlon Brando is a good place to start!)

The play was first performed in 1947, but there is only brief reference to WW2 within the play and no sense of the events that followed (Cold War and America's rise as a world power) - this omission is characteristic of Williams. The events however of the American Civil War (1861-1865) are key to this play, as it is set in the South. Research and create notes on the main events of the American Civil War - these do not need to be overloaded with dates of battles etc... as you will not need this when writing essays. Make sure you have a clear sense of why/how it started (part of this will be the economic differences between North and South); how it ended; the treatment of the South following the war

**Literary context** - after the defeat of the Confederate Army in 1865 the Literature of the South gradually revived and there was a growing nostalgia for the past (even texts such as Margaret Mitchell's 'Gone with the Wind' 1936 demonstrate this). Find out about and make notes on the 'Mississippi School' of writers, the genre 'Southern Gothic' (what defined this style of writing?) and Tennessee's own feelings about the South.

**Suggested wider reading:** 'The Glass Menagerie' by Tennessee Williams (this play has strong autobiographical elements); 'Gone with the Wind' by Margaret Mitchell; 'Cat on a hot tin roof' by Tennessee Williams.

## How to prepare for an A-Level in Environmental Science

One of the most important tasks you can complete to prepare yourself for starting your A-Level is to stay up to date with news and developments in the environmental sector. Watch the news, follow what is happening with El Nino this year, read about the different Conference of the Parties (COP) that have taken place and the changes implemented as a result, watch the Earthshot Prize to learn about new technology designed to reverse climate change. Also, educate yourself on the different habitats out there and conservation efforts – watch David Attenborough, visit Cotswold Wildlife Park, read about Antarctica, Coral Reefs and other biodiverse habitats

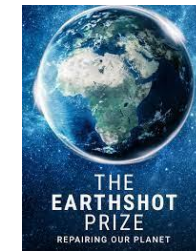


## Your written task for the summer

Complete the 'Getting Ready for A-Level' booklet handed to you during induction day.

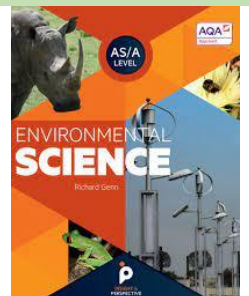
This is due the first lesson in September. Copies are also available to download from the Environmental Science page on the VLE.

There is also more detailed information about the course on the VLE page.



## What do I need for the course?

1. Course textbook. £26 available from school or can be sourced independently
2. Wellies, waterproofs and walking boots
3. Stationary – including a calculator



September seems a long way off at the moment and you should not forget everything you have learnt at GCSE!

### Keep a blog / a diary

Write everyday (or almost 😊) what you have done during that day using the past. You could do this as an old-fashioned handwritten diary or as a blog online.

### Practise your French

Read newspapers and magazines (online or hard copies). It is important to keep in contact with what is going on in France so keep an eye on the news (read articles related to the themes you will study next year to start learning vocabulary related to them but also facts which will be very important for your speaking exam).

### ‘L’auberge espagnole’ (Pot Luck’)

We will study the film “L’auberge espagnole” from Cédric Klapisch.

**You must watch the film BEFORE the beginning of the course. It is available to purchase from Amazon.**

Make summaries of the scenes (in English), write descriptions of the most important characters, and look for useful vocabulary. You must have a clear understanding of the plot but you must be ready to analyse the film when we start studying it, think about the following themes and how they appear in the film:

the relationships (friendship or love); the stereotypes; the comedy; Europe.

### Reading and Listening skills

Go on the following websites to practise your reading and listening skills

- Les informations
  - [www.francetvinfo.com](http://www.francetvinfo.com)
  - [www.tv5monde.com](http://www.tv5monde.com)
  - [www.france24.com/fr/](http://www.france24.com/fr/)
  - [www.cnews.fr/](http://www.cnews.fr/)
  - [www.lemonde.fr](http://www.lemonde.fr)
  
- Divers
  - [www.instagram.com/hugodecrypte/?hl=en](https://www.instagram.com/hugodecrypte/?hl=en)
  
  - [www.youtube.com/user/ptitenatou/](https://www.youtube.com/user/ptitenatou/)
  - [www.youtube.com/user/EnjoyPhoenix/](https://www.youtube.com/user/EnjoyPhoenix/)
  - [www.youtube.com/channel/UCcNVLqdpRLeT\\_HS1-hFqgLOA](https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCcNVLqdpRLeT_HS1-hFqgLOA)

### Vocabulaire et grammaire (en ligne)

- [www.kahoot.com](http://www.kahoot.com)
- [www.quizlet.com](http://www.quizlet.com)
- [www.duolingo.com](http://www.duolingo.com)
- [www.memrise.com](http://www.memrise.com)
- [www.languagenut.com](http://www.languagenut.com)
- [www.senecalearning.com](http://www.senecalearning.com)
- [www.francaisfacile.com](http://www.francaisfacile.com)
- [www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize](http://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize)
- [www.languagesonline.org.uk](http://www.languagesonline.org.uk)

Listen to French music: it is one of the best and nicest ways to learn French and improving your listening skills. Alternatively, watch as many French films and series as you can.

### Les séries et les films

- Dix pour cent (Call my agent)*
- Plan Coeur (The Hook-up plan)*
- Le bazar de la charité (The bonfire of destiny)*
- Le chalet (The chalet)*
- Marseille (Marseille)*
- Il était une fois la vie (Once upon a time Life)*
- C'est du gâteau! (Nailed it)*
  
- Il a déjà tes yeux (He even has your eyes)*
- Bienvenue à Marly Gomont (The African doctor)*
- C'est quoi cette famille? (We are family)*
- La dream team (A mighty team)*
- La grande classe (Back to school)*
- Mauvaises herbes (Bad seeds)*

### La musique

Listening to French songs will help you to improve your listening skills. Check the lyrics on the [www.lyricstraining.com](http://www.lyricstraining.com) (also available as an app)

- |                |                |                       |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| <i>Louane</i>  | <i>Kendji</i>  | <i>Angèle</i>         |
| <i>Soprano</i> | <i>Stromae</i> | <i>Maitre Gims</i>    |
| <i>Tryo</i>    | <i>Ninho</i>   | <i>Eddy de Pretto</i> |

# Food Science and Nutrition

## TASK 1 - Find the answers to these fifty key facts:

What is a NSP?  
Explain a polypeptide link  
What are the categories of lipids?  
Explain Hydrogenated fat  
What are DRV's?  
Explain how individuals can take responsibility for food safety  
Explain methods used by food handlers to keep themselves clean and hygienic  
Explain methods used to keep work areas clean and hygienic  
What are the risks associated with food safety?  
Name 5 food poisonings  
Which food poisoning poses a threat to pregnant women?  
What are the differences between Macro and Micro Nutrients?  
What is the chemical structure of protein?  
What is the chemical structure of Lipids?  
What is the chemical structure of Carbohydrates?  
What is BMR?  
State 2 causes of food contamination  
What is meant by High Risk Food  
Describe one dietary function of protein  
State one difference between HBV and LBV  
Explain the difference between soluble and insoluble NSP's  
State 2 functions and explain the role of fat in the diet  
State 2 reasons why foods are fortified  
What deficiency causes rickets?  
Give a symptom of protein deficiency

Why is an adequate water intake essential in the diet?  
What is the difference between monosaccharides and disaccharides?  
What is Glucose?  
Explain a complex polysaccharide  
What is modified starch?  
What chemicals make up protein?  
Explain the difference between monomers and polymers  
What are complementation foods and give an example  
How can denaturation be brought about?  
What is coagulation?  
What is gelatinisation?  
What chemicals make up fat?  
Explain the term simple triglyceride  
What is CIS?  
What is TRANS  
What sources contain saturated fats?  
Name an unsaturated fat  
What is a coeliac?  
Explain a property of fats or oils  
What is anemia?  
What is the danger zone and why is it dangerous?  
What is a lacto vegetarian?  
What is an ovo – lacto vegetarian?  
Draw the chemical structure of a monosaccharide  
Draw the chemical structure of protein

## TASK 2

**Consider the needs of the following groups. For each group explain the DRV. For each group produce some detailed notes or a power-point**

Children      Adults      Elderly      Pregnant women  
Type 1 diabetes      Type 2 Diabetes      Anaemia  
Hypercholesterolemia      Lactose intolerant      Coeliac  
Vegans      Vegetarians      Lifestyle

### **Useful websites – please use reliable sources!**

[www.foodsafety.gov](http://www.foodsafety.gov)  
<http://homefoodsafety.org/app>  
BBC Health: [www.bbc.co.uk/health/healthyliving](http://www.bbc.co.uk/health/healthyliving)  
British Nutrition Foundation: [www.nutrition.org.uk](http://www.nutrition.org.uk)  
British Nutrition Foundation: Food a Fact of life :  
<https://www.foodafactoflife.org.uk/>  
CORE: <http://www.corecharity.org.uk/>  
Department for Health: [www.dh.gov.uk](http://www.dh.gov.uk)  
Food Standards Agency:  
[www.food.gov.uk/aboutus/publications/industrypublications/](http://www.food.gov.uk/aboutus/publications/industrypublications/)  
Food Vision: [www.foodvision.gov.uk](http://www.foodvision.gov.uk)  
Health Development Agency: [www.hda.nhs.uk](http://www.hda.nhs.uk)  
NHS: <http://www.nhs.uk/livewell/healthy-eating/Pages/Healthyeating.aspx>  
National Obesity Forum:  
<http://www.nationalobesityforum.org.uk/>  
Physical Activity and Nutrition Wales:  
[www.physicalactivityandnutritionwales.org.uk](http://www.physicalactivityandnutritionwales.org.uk)  
The British Dietetic Association: [www.bda.uk.com](http://www.bda.uk.com)  
Vegetarian Society: [www.veg.soc.org.uk](http://www.veg.soc.org.uk)

**Hoping to study Geography at A Level? There are number of things you can do:**

**1. Developing as a geographer:** through general reading around / watching videos / listening to podcasts etc. to develop your geographical knowledge and understanding

**2. Preparing for the A Level Course:** Start to explore the topics and their foundations which will be studied in the A Level course.

To be a great geographer you need to develop the ability to think synoptically, being able to see the greater overview and how everything begins to link together. Geography is not just about studying people and landscapes; it is also the relationships that exist between people and their environment.

The best geographers at A Level keep reading the news and generally seek to improve their geographical understanding by engaging with geographical discussions regarding key issues. A more comprehensive guide has been created with additional tasks and information on extra reading around the subject and topics.

Free online courses from Future Learn: take between 2- 3 weeks 3 hours a week - look great on your CV and will be brilliant for university applications or apprenticeships. These are split into subject areas - lots in the nature and environment section for geography – see also the science section too. Sign up to the free option £0 and explore using this link:

[https://www.futurelearn.com/courses?filter\\_category=10&filter\\_course\\_type=open&filter\\_availability=started&all\\_courses=1](https://www.futurelearn.com/courses?filter_category=10&filter_course_type=open&filter_availability=started&all_courses=1)

Some more free online courses from the Open University: a wide range found here:

<https://www.open.edu/openlearn/education/free-courses?fbclid=IwAR3c8200VvasK4jEhwFLitfvPe6NRo5TVR1Jyb3he3-NSBjJRvxYSIu1X4I>

Help with rescuing and typing up the UK old rainfall records: can spend a couple of minutes or longer! Give something back ! Link here- <https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/science-environment-52040822?fbclid=IwAR3QGOSNcMF6YAShImpxxxQ2LJD5AGRjgT5FOZol6VXeLpBMFa16vV9OaBO>

Explore the Time for Geography website to brush up on your subject knowledge:

<https://timeforgeography.co.uk/> is an excellent resource which covers a wide range of human and physical topics using informative short clips. I'd really recommend exploring the videos. You can also use the website to explore geographical careers: [https://timeforgeography.co.uk/videos\\_list/geography-careers/](https://timeforgeography.co.uk/videos_list/geography-careers/) and future opportunities: [https://timeforgeography.co.uk/videos\\_list/further-study-opportunities/](https://timeforgeography.co.uk/videos_list/further-study-opportunities/)

### **3. Extending your geographical knowledge:**

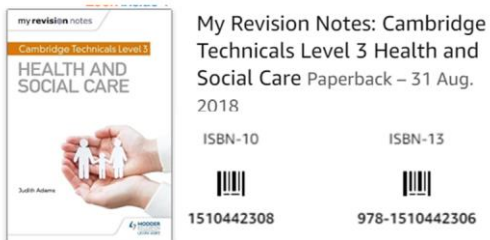
Podcasts: Now is the time to broaden your geographical understanding! Stick your headphones in and listen to some of the following...

- **Costing the Earth** – There are some great podcasts here to pick from on a wide variety of geographical issues <https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/b006r4wn/episodes/player> (many topics, including amongst others.. climate change, carbon, urban greening, deforestation, alternative power, plastics etc.)
- **Royal Geographical Society – “Ask the Geographer podcasts”** - <https://www.rgs.org/schools/teaching-resources/ask-the-expert-podcasts/> - a fantastic set of podcasts to keep A Level studies up-to-date with the latest geographical research – pick out some that interest you and give them a go!

Books to read: Try to read at least 1 geographical book this summer. Remember you can make use of the local libraries digital library service for books – you don't have to access hard copies.

- **Prisoners of Geography** (Marshall, T) – an insightful book which helps understand how physical geography impacts on political reality and really helps to understand how decisions of world leaders have been shaped by geography – a great introduction to geopolitics.
- **Factfulness:** Ten reasons we're wrong about the world – and why things are better than you think (Rosling, H 2019) – this is a must-read book from a geography perspective – this takes a more realistic view of the world, presenting issues in fact-based context. It is a rational look at actually how far the world has measurably improved and what's left to be done.
- **The Almighty Dollar** (David, D 2018) - Follow the Incredible Journey of Single Dollar to See How the Global Economy Really Works. A great read for geographers, especially those students that are also studying Economics too.

In year 12 for H&SC you will be sitting two external exams (Unit 2 and Unit 3). It would be wise to invest in the recommended revision guide which can be purchased via amazon.



What does it mean to be 'safe'? One of the first Units you will study in H&SC is Health, Safety and Security in Health and Social Care. You can get a head start of this work by doing some preparation work over the summer.

### **TASK ONE: HEALTH SOCIAL CARE AND EARLY YEARS SETTINGS**

Health, social care and early years settings all have potential hazards within them. First of all you need to know example of health, social care and early years settings. Use the internet to find five examples of

- a health care setting e.g. GP surgery
- a social care setting e.g. child protection services
- an early years setting e.g. a nursery

### **TASK TWO: HAZARDS IN HEALTH SOCIAL CARE AND EARLY YEARS**

Hazards can be found in all care settings and if they are not minimised they can cause ill-health or harm to individuals who work there, visit the service or use the service as well as damage to the environment.

- Define the term HAZARD.
- Then complete the table:

Use the internet to research each hazard type and then apply it to a different health care setting, a social care setting and an early years setting.

HAZARD	RESEARCHED DESCRIPTION	HEALTH CARE SETTING EXAMPLE	SOCIAL CARE SETTING EXAMPLE	EARLY YEARS SETTING EXAMPLE
<b>Environmental Hazards</b> (for example slip and trip hazards)				
<b>Biological Hazards</b> (e.g. waste, bodily fluids and infection)				
<b>Chemical Hazards</b> (e.g. medicines and cleaning materials)				
<b>Psychological Hazards</b> (e.g. stress, violence and fatigue)				
<b>Physical Hazards</b> (e.g. noise and radiation)				
<b>Musculoskeletal Hazards</b> (e.g. manual handling and DSE)				
<b>Working Conditions</b> (e.g. temperature, noise or travel)				
<b>Working Practices</b> (e.g. waste, infection, working hours and lack of training)				
<b>Lack of Security Systems</b> (e.g. door and window locks and alarm systems)				

## **Britain Industrialisation & Its People, 1783 – 1832 (1885 at A Level)**

This topic is designed to allow you to explore how politics, society and the British economy changes and evolves after the disastrous loss of the American Colonies in 1783 and how the recovery changes in the above time frame. The course mostly focusses on the British Isles, so aspects of Empire/ Foreign Policy are only considered in the context of our home nations.

### **Book Recommendations:**

Amazon/ Ebay or digital versions of these books where possible would be very useful items to own.

Brown and R Pearce, Radicalism and Reform: England 1780–1846

Fortune, Industrialisation and the People; Britain, c.1783-1885 - key course text

Evans, The Forging of the Modern State: Early industrial Britain, 1783–1870

### **Suggested tasks:**

1. Reading and exploring chapters of the above books would be great – make your own notes on the first chapters for Fortune and Brown especially- this would be great context to your studies.
2. **Create a timeline for Britain** from 1783 – 1832 – who are the main Prime Ministers in this period? What were their main achievements? What are the significant political changes? What are the main social changes in Britain at this time? How does the British economy change and develop? The more detailed this would be, the better. You could colour code changes that are political, economic or indeed social. This could be done on A3 paper, or digitally of course. Keep this document as this would be a vital tool to get a grasp of this time period.
3. **Create a detailed profile** on William Pitt the Younger. Who was he? Why was he important? Listen to William Hague's lecture on William Pitt available on YouTube) You could make notes on the political factions of the 18<sup>th</sup> century – who were the Whigs? Who were the Tories?
4. **Create a detailed profile of George III** – how important was he to 18<sup>th</sup> Century Britain? Why does he reign stand out as a constitutional shift

## **AQA AS Level 1Q/ 2Q The American Dream – 1945 – 1963 (1980 at A Level)**

This course is designed to explore the extent to which the American Dream is achieved in the post war period. The course generally follows each president from Roosevelt, to Truman, Eisenhower then Kennedy. The course looks at how politics change, how each president tackles foreign policy, how economics change, how society changes, how Civil Rights evolve and how culture influences all these aspects.

### **Book Recommendations:**

The following books are suggested reading, again Amazon, Ebay or digital versions would be most advantageous to own:

Sanders, The American Dream: Reality and Illusion 1945 – 80 - key course text

Tindall, America: A Narrative History

Hamilton, American Caesars

### **Suggested tasks:**

1. Reading and exploring chapters of the above books would be great – make your own notes on the first chapters for Sanders - this would be great context to your studies. The Roosevelt and Truman chapters of Hamilton's American Caesars would be excellent context too – keep your notes safe
2. **Create a timeline for America** from 1945 - 1963 – who were the main presidents in this period? What were their main achievements? What are the significant political changes? What major US foreign policy moments were there? How does the status of Civil Rights change during these 18 years? How did each President win each election? This could be done on A3 paper, or digitally of course. Keep this document as this would be a vital tool to get a grasp of this time period. It could be a good idea to have a timeline for Truman, Eisenhower and Kennedy
3. **Create a detailed profile** on the US Political System in 1945 – What did the Republicans stand for in 1940s and 1950s? What about the Democrats? Why was there a North/ South Divide in the US? What powers did the President have? What role did the Senate play? How significant was Congress? How did state level politics play a role in the USA?
4. **Create a detailed profile** the demographics of the United States of America from 1945 into 1950s – what was the population? What ethnic groups existed? Percentages? Who was entitled to vote? What societal roles did women play?



# Maths / Further Maths

If you are considering either Maths or Further Maths at AS level, then you should spend some time over the summer polishing up on your key skills. These skills are all from the GCSE syllabus and will be essential in the first few weeks of the AS Maths course.

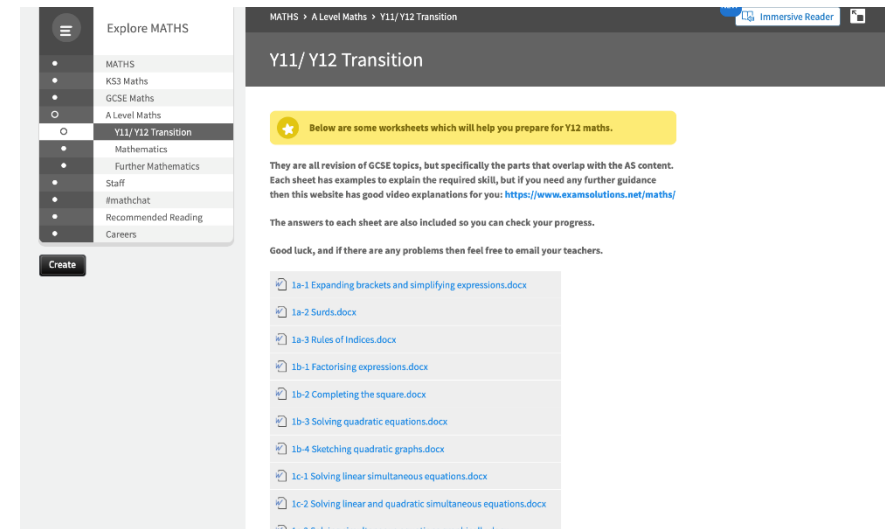
## Key skills:

- Expanding brackets (up to the product of 3 brackets)
- Factorising (including quadratics with  $a \neq 1$ )
- Solving quadratics by factorising
- Solving quadratics using the formula
- Solving quadratics by completing the square
- Calculating with surds
- Simplifying surds (rationalising the denominator)
- Evaluating indices (with negative and fractional indices)
- Simultaneous equations (both linear or one quadratic)
- Quadratic inequalities
- Straight line graphs (including perpendicular lines)
- Sketching quadratics
- Graph transformations
- Pythagoras and trigonometry

In September you will need a Casio Classwiz calculator (fx-991EX) or the graphical equivalent (fx-CG50) so keep your eyes peeled in the 'back to school' sales or be prepared to buy one from school in the first week.

For those of you with access to the VLE, you will find there are worksheets you can use to revise these key skills. To access these you need to go to:

Maths > A level > Y11/12 transition



Explore MATHS

- MATHS
- KS3 Maths
- GCSE Maths
- A Level Maths
- Y11/ Y12 Transition
- Mathematics
- Further Mathematics
- Staff
- #mathchat
- Recommended Reading
- Careers

Create

MATHS > A Level Maths > Y11/ Y12 Transition

### Y11/ Y12 Transition

Below are some worksheets which will help you prepare for Y12 maths.

They are all revision of GCSE topics, but specifically the parts that overlap with the AS content. Each sheet has examples to explain the required skill, but if you need any further guidance then this website has good video explanations for you: <https://www.examsolutions.net/maths/>

The answers to each sheet are also included so you can check your progress.

Good luck, and if there are any problems then feel free to email your teachers.

- 1a-1 Expanding brackets and simplifying expressions.docx
- 1a-2 Surds.docx
- 1a-3 Rules of Indices.docx
- 1b-1 Factorising expressions.docx
- 1b-2 Completing the square.docx
- 1b-3 Solving quadratic equations.docx
- 1b-4 Sketching quadratic graphs.docx
- 1c-1 Solving linear simultaneous equations.docx
- 1c-2 Solving linear and quadratic simultaneous equations.docx

If you do not yet have access to the VLE then you may choose to revise these topics by using your own notes or preferred revision websites from GCSE. If you would like a copy of the above sheets emailed to you then please email [pkb@balcarras.gloucs.sch.uk](mailto:pkb@balcarras.gloucs.sch.uk) and we will send them over.



If you are considering Music as one of your Sixth Form options, the following will help you prepare:

The course follows the Eduqas specification. Feel free to take a look at the specification online. We study Areas of Study A: Development of the Symphony and D: Jazz, adding in E: Into the Twentieth Century for A Level.

There is one set work for the AS: **Haydn Symphony No.104** (The first and second movements only).

Have a listen to the symphony; there are plenty of performances available on YouTube. If you go to [imslp.org](https://imslp.org), you will also be able to access the score for free (we will provide you with a score in year 12 so do not feel you have to purchase a score).

Become familiar with the work, particularly the first and second movements at this stage. The third and fourth movements are added for the full A-level in year 13.

Wider listening for Area of Study 1 - **Western Classical Tradition (WCT)**.

For AS, we look at the development of the symphony from 1750-1830 so any *symphony* listening from that period will be beneficial. This extends to 1900 for the full A-level.

The other Area of Study is **Jazz 1920-1950**, so listening to music such as *Ragtime*, *Dixieland*, *Big Band* and *Bebop* that fall within this genre would be good preparation. This extends to 1960 for the full A-level.



# Music

Ensure your theory is up to at least grade 5 standard. Obviously, you could actually purchase the theory workbooks and past papers. However, there are also free online resources such as **musictheory.net** and **teoria.com** which will allow you to have a go at specific theory exercises. Another example, **mymusictheory.com** gives you a chance to work through the material by grade and then complete a practice exam – all for free. If you are already at grade 5 standard for theory, challenge yourself – there's always grade 8!

You should also be practicing your instrument(s) and/or voice every day; you only need one instrument or voice for the recitals. You can use more than one but there is no credit gained for showing skills on more than one instrument. For the AS recital, the standard level of difficulty equates to grade 5 (pieces do not have to be on a grade 5 syllabus). At A-level the standard level of difficulty is grade 6. In both cases, if you play pieces of a higher standard, you can afford to make a few mistakes and still access the highest marks! If your pieces are below the standard level of difficulty, your raw mark is brought down. Further detail can be found in the specifications.

We can provide some more specific documents regarding development of the symphony and also some work from the old A-level specifications looking at chords and lines on request. This is particularly helpful for developing your musical analysis skills and composition skills. We can also provide wider listening lists for the relevant Areas of Study. If you would like these things emailed to you, please email [da@balcarras.gloucs.sch.uk](mailto:da@balcarras.gloucs.sch.uk).

Religious Education at A-level is a Philosophy, Ethics and Theology course which allows you to ask some of the big questions in life. Is there a God? How did the universe come about? What is right and wrong? Why does pain and suffering exist? Do miracles really happen?

The course covers the work of the great philosophers such as Plato, Kant, Aquinas and Descartes to more modern philosophical works. You will also be covering ethical theories and applied ethics, covering such topics as euthanasia and business ethics. As well as this you will also extend your understanding of the study of religion, particularly Christianity, considering its influence and history as well as the place that it has in today's world.

### **Things we would recommend that you read:**

'Sophie's World' by Jostien Gaarder

'Ethics Matters' by Peter and Charlotte Vardy

'God Matters' by Peter and Charlotte Vardy

'Philosophy of Religion' by John Hick

'Causing Death and Saving Lives: The Moral Problems of Abortion, Infanticide, Suicide, Euthanasia, Capital Punishment, War and Other Life-or-death Choice' by Jonathon Glover

'The Blind Watchmaker' by Richard Dawkins

For a full reading list and / or full list of recommended films and documentaries please see the VLE or email ([he@balcarras.gloucs.sch.uk](mailto:he@balcarras.gloucs.sch.uk))

### **Things we would recommend that you watch:**

Crash Course Philosophy on Youtube. These are 10 minute clips that cover many aspects of the course.

The Story of God with Morgan Freeman (All episodes can be found in part on YouTube or bought in full via YouTube our Netflix)

The Big Questions BBC (these discussions can be found on YouTube and there are a lot on religion, equality, medical ethics, philosophy and politics that would interest you)

### **Things you may want to buy:**

The textbook chapters will be photocopied for you but it is much more useful to have your own copies of one of these books and they can be found on Amazon:

'Oxford A Level Religious Studies for OCR: AS and Year 1 Student Book:

Christianity, Philosophy and Ethics' by Libby Ahluwalia and Bob Bowie

'OCR Religious Studies A Level year 1 and AS' by Hugh Campbell, Michael

Wilkinson and Michael Wilcockson

Three ring binder folders, one for each of the subject areas (Philosophy, Ethics and Theology) you will be examined on.

### **Things you may want to do:**

Subscribe to journals for example <https://philosophynow.org/>

Look at the exam specification <https://www.ocr.org.uk/images/242913-specification-accredited-a-level-gce-religious-studies-h573.pdf> and go through your year 11 book and revision resources saving any relevant material to help you. There will be many things that will be useful from your GCSE course.

The best preparation for the Photography AS course is to complete a summer project:

What does summer mean to you?

Produce a concertina portfolio over the summer break – theme what did summer mean to you. You can use the Instagram 30 day challenge as inspiration (plenty on Pinterest) or just come up with your own version- some of the best ones I have seen are where students have paired their own work with an image they have found. This can be done in a concertina format or on PowerPoint to save on printing. By finding an image to pair yours up with means that you are deepening the whole process. You just might find something truly inspiring! The rules are- there are no rules- if you want to draw back over your images or collage them together to make surreal pictures or paper-cut into them or add words then do! Or just present beautiful thought provoking/aesthetic images- do not over think this but be creative and true to yourself and enjoy!

Display the images on a concertina or in a PowerPoint presentation. Think about the presentation of each photograph's composition, and the presentation overall.



In Physical Education AS we study the OCR course which aims to develop an understanding of the scientific and socio-cultural factors that underpin physical activity whilst demonstrating your ability as either a performer or coach.

We follow the book published by Hodder Education, **PE for A Level Year 1** by Honeybourne and Powell ISBN 9791471851735

The course will prepare you for the further study of PE or sports science, as well as psychology, sociology and biology split into 6 key topic areas that are all compulsory. You will study Anatomy and Physiology, Exercise Physiology, Biomechanics, Skill Acquisition, Sports Psychology and the role of Sport in Society. Below are several ideas you could look at in preparation for September.

### Anatomy and Physiology

Produce **three** movement analysis tables for **three** different sporting actions/skills. You must describe the skill accurately.

i.e. **During the preparation phase of a basketball set shot (right elbow).**

You must use the tables below as a template for your analysis.

Include a sporting picture as shown below.

Each sporting action must show a different joint (e.g. ankle, knee, hip, wrist, elbow, shoulder).

Joint Name	Joint Type	Articulating Bones	Joint Movement	Agonist muscle	Antagonist muscle	Plane of movement
Right Elbow	Hinge	Humerus, radius, ulna	Flexion	Biceps brachii	Triceps brachii	Sagittal plane

### Addition units:

**Exercise Physiology**

**Sports Psychology**

**Sport in Society**

# Physical Education

## Biomechanics

Find out the definitions of Newtons 3 Laws of motion and find a variety of applications of each law in a range of different sports.

See if you can apply the lever systems you studied at GCSE to each of the examples used in the previous activity.

Find out how limb kinematics, force plates and wind tunnels are used to analyse sporting performance.

## Skill Acquisition

Research the following six classification continuum's,

Difficulty (simple/complex)                      Environmental influence (open/closed)

Pacing (self-paced/externally paced)              Muscular involvement (gross/fine)

Continuity (discrete/serial/continuous)              Organisation (low/high)

Place 2 sporting skills on each continuum and justify why you have placed the skills at the points you have along the continuum. Please see an example below.



I have chosen to place the slap pass close to the open end of the continuum because it is a skill that can be largely affected by the environment around. There may be opponents close to the performer wanting to play the slap pass and this can mean they have limited time to complete the pass and possibly limited space for them to sweep the stick backwards along the floor if there is a defender encroaching.

## Practical

In the practical element of the course or NEA (non-examined assessment) you can be assessed as a performer or a coach in your **one** chosen activity. As a performer AS focusses on the mastery of skills and effective performance under competitive pressure. You need to keep a log book of competitive participation showing your frequency and level of attainment as well as video evidence of your skills for supporting evidence. If you choose to do coaching you need to plan 10 sessions that last a minimum of 40 minutes in duration. You will also need to do an oral EAPI which is an analysis talk on performance and improvement. A list of the available sports can be found on the OCR exam board website so start your research into what is the best option for you.

Thank you for your interest in studying physics at A-level. We hope that you will find it an enjoyable and fulfilling experience. However, this is not an easy option. Here are a few things that you should do so that you can hit the ground running at the start of the course.

## 1) Keep your technical ability up to scratch.

Physics A-level contains a lot of maths. In fact physics has been described as 'maths with a story'. You should keep your algebra up to speed over the summer perhaps by doing some exercises out of a GCSE textbook or working through a book like 'Head Start to A-Level Maths' published by CGP.

## 2) Check that your science knowledge is still there

Whether you studied single subject physics or dual award science, there is plenty of background knowledge that will come in handy for A level physics. Our first topics covered will be 'forces' and 'waves' so you could review these ideas and make sure you can remember what the key words mean. Again, we would recommend working through a book like 'Head Start to A-Level Physics' published by CGP.

## 3) Feed your interest

It is really important to keep a sense of awe and wonder. Physics is no less than the study of how the universe works, and you should be excited about that! Find ways to feed your interest. That could mean borrowing a pair of binoculars and looking at the moon and the stars while downloading an astronomy app (like 'SkySafari') to act as your guide. Or you could explore a youtube physics channel (like 'minutephysics'). Or you could go really old school and read a book (like '50 Physics Ideas You Really Need to Know'). Or you could take part in your favourite sport, or musical event, and see where you could use your knowledge of physics could improve your performance.

## 4) For the Engineers

If you are thinking of being an engineer then you need to do 3 things: make something, dismantle something and mend something. 2 caveats here - for goodness sake get permission first and don't blame Balcarras if it goes wrong!

## UK Government and Politics

### (and American politics and Political Ideologies at A-level)

AS Politics explores almost exclusively the key themes, principles and institutions in UK Politics, and therefore prior to your formal studies beginning in September it would be a good idea to familiarise yourselves with some of the key terms and concepts that you will encounter in your studies next year. At A-level, the course then explores US politics and how it compares to the UK, along with a separate exploration of the political ideologies that form the basis of political parties and key principles in politics. Thus, now is a great opportunity to begin to acquaint yourselves with some of the core knowledge that will form the basis of your studies over the next couple of years.

### UK Gov & Pol Book Recommendations:

Amazon/eBay or digital versions of these books where possible would be very useful items to own.

- UK Government and Politics- Neil MacNaughton – course text
- *Why we get the wrong politicians* - Isabel Hardman
- *Unleashing Demons* - Craig Oliver
- *For the record* - David Cameron
- *May at 10* - Anthony Seldon
- *Dangerous Hero: Corbyn's ruthless plot for power* - Tom Bower
- *WTF* - Robert Peston
- *Live From Downing Street* - Nick Robinson.

### USA Book/Podcast/Documentary Recommendations –

- A Year at the Circus: Inside Trump's White House* - Jon Sopel.
- Fear in the Whitehouse* - Bob Woodward
- Developments in American Politics* - Gillian Peele and Christopher J. Bailey
- The Audacity of Hope* - Barack Obama
- Podcast: Americast* (Jon Sopel)
- Documentary: Fahrenheit 11/9* (Netflix)
- Documentary: How to win the US Presidency* (Netflix)
- Documentary: 13<sup>th</sup>* (Netflix)

### Suggested tasks:

1. You **need** to start engaging with the news regularly, and should do **at least** one of the following (at least once a week):
  - *Start regular reading of online or hardcopy newspaper*
  - *Listen to Radio 4- Today and PM programmes*
  - *Watch Newsnight/Andrew Marr Show/ Robert Peston show*
2. **Create an overview timeline of Parliamentary history** – how has Parliament's role and powers changed since its conception? What have been the key legal and legislative milestones in its history? Use the Parliament Education website to help with your research (<https://learning.parliament.uk/resources/?age-range-suitability=all&theme=parliament-and-government#main>). This could be done on A3 paper, or digitally of course. Keep this document as it will be a vital tool to get a grasp of the changing roles and powers of Parliament.
3. **Research the results of the 2019 election** and create a 1-2 page summary document of the most important outcomes. What factors had the biggest influence on the result? How did people in different age groups vote? Were there any trends? Were there any surprises? Why was the context of this election so significant?
4. **Research the roles of both Members of Parliament and Members of the Lords.** Create job description for each role and include examples of high profile current members of both houses.
5. **Read the two attached Politics Review articles and create a summary poster** of American politics (A3 sheet/digital – make it pretty!) – make sure you research the following key areas: the US Constitution; Congress; the Presidency; the Supreme Court; Political Parties (beliefs/ideologies/key principles/important figures); Democracy and participation. What would be really useful would be to add in where this is similar/different to the UK equivalents.
6. **Book review:** you need to read **at least one** of the books on the reading list (UK reading list will be most applicable to Year 12 studies) – when you have done this, you should write a 500 word book review that includes the following: a summary (in your own words) of the book; your highlights of the book (what did you find interesting? Did anything surprise you? Be specific); any criticisms (not that it was too long....); your overall conclusion on its quality and a score rating out of ten (and your justification of this score).

**Consider investing in the course textbook** – there is a revision version that cost around £16 and the full copy can be purchased for £32. The ISBN numbers and titles of each can be found below:

**Full version – can be found on Amazon**

AQA AS/A-Level Design and Technology: Product Design

**ISBN-10:** 1510414088

**ISBN-13:** 978-1510414082

**Revision notes version – recommended!**

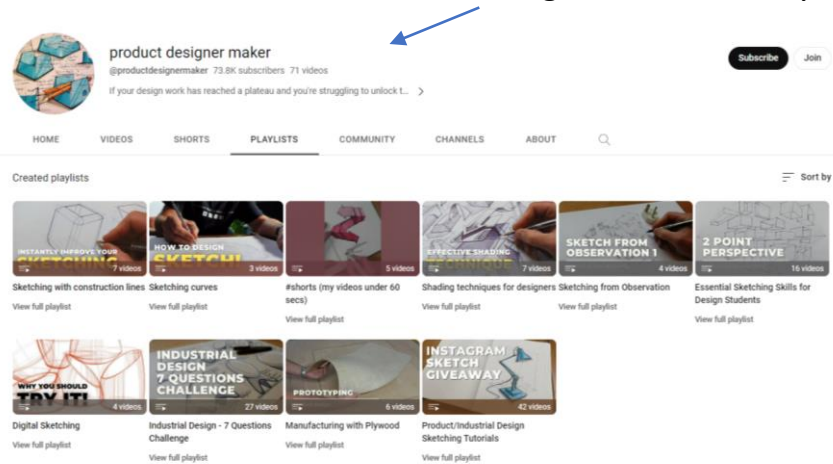
My Revision Notes: AQA A Level Design and Technology: Product Design

**ISBN-10:** 1510432299

**ISBN-13:** 978-1510432291

## Developing your drawing techniques:

Look at the YouTuber ‘Product Designer Maker’. They have some excellent videos on product design sketching (recommendations below).



<https://www.youtube.com/@productdesignermaker/playlists>

**Keep all of your practice pages and show to your PD teacher in September!**

### Watch the following playlist:

#### Essential Sketching Skills for Design Students

There are 16 short videos to watch that cover perspective, isometric, using bios and markers.

Follow along on paper and practice the techniques. Practicing these techniques will give you a boost in PD A Level!

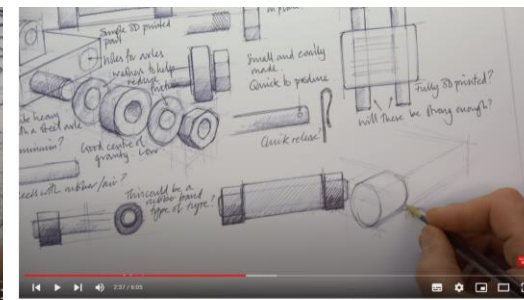


Essential Sketching Skills for Design Students

[View full playlist](#)



How to shade - part 1



How to annotate design ideas!



How to shade with a pen - part 2

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SZ\\_bF7KnWQg&list=PLUmGlca4HGqYV1DzJ56tuLK\\_fkM\\_TvGBa](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SZ_bF7KnWQg&list=PLUmGlca4HGqYV1DzJ56tuLK_fkM_TvGBa)



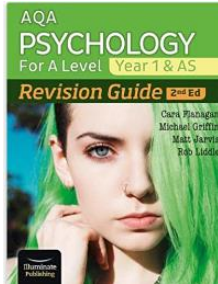
**As a potential A level psychologist please ensure you prepare for September by completing the following tasks:**

**Essential:**

1. Get organised for the start of Year 12. Get yourself folders (2x small or one large ring binder), simple calculator, dividers, highlighters, revision cards and any other resources that might come in useful.

You should also consider investing in the revision guide version of our main course text. This can be purchased from Amazon for around £15.

**ISBN -10**  
**1912820439**



**ISBN-13**  
**978-1912820436**

2. To help you prepare for your first unit of work start doing some preliminary reading on the 6 main approaches in psychology (see below.)

- Behaviourism
- Biological approach
- Cognitive approach
- Social learning theory
- Psychodynamic approach
- Humanistic approach

Useful websites:  
simplypsychology.org  
Tutor2u.net/psychology



# Psychology

**Optional:**

**WATCH**

- The lucifer effect: Understanding how good people turn evil. TED talk by Philip Zimbardo.
- The psychology of tyranny: Did Milgram get it wrong? TED talk by Alex Haslem
- A neural portrait of the human mind. TED talk by Nancy Kanwisher.

**READ**

- Bad Science – Ben Goldachre
- How The Mind Works – Stephan Pinker.
- Read through some examples of recent psychology research from the BPS (British Psychological Society) research digest website <https://digest.bps.org.uk/>

**LISTEN**

- Mind changers: BF Skinner and superstition in the pigeon (BBC Radio 4)
- Mind changers: The man who couldn't remember (BBC Radio 4)
- Mind changers: Carl Rogers and the person centred approach (BBC Radio 4)

Below are some activities which will help you prepare for the start of the course in September. This work will provide you with some background information about Russian culture and recent history and give you the chance to develop your language skills. Most importantly, **you should continue to practise your Russian** (speaking, reading, writing, listening) **by doing short activities every week.**

## Reading and Listening

Use news and video resources on the internet to find out current affairs and research the topics you are studying:

<https://www.bbc.com/russian> - Russian version of BBC news.

[www.1tv.ru](http://www.1tv.ru) – A Russian TV channel; watch and listen to news clips.

[www.gazeta.ru](http://www.gazeta.ru) – An online Russian newspaper.

Use *Netflix* or *Amazon prime* to watch a Russian film/ series with subtitles.

## Writing/ Grammar

There are some useful websites you can use to revise grammar points:

<http://masterrussian.com/>

<http://www.russianforfree.com/>

<http://www.practicerrussian.com/>

You could write up notes on cases, verb conjugations etc.

You could also write a diary about what you have been doing each week.

## Speaking

Use any opportunity to practise speaking Russian!

Set aside time once a week to chat/ send messages to your friends in Russian.

Record yourself saying a Russian paragraph or text.

## Vocabulary learning

Make time each week to revise the GCSE vocabulary (there are links on Firefly)

Use 'Quizlet' resources/ make flashcards to revise and practise meanings.

Use the app *Duolingo*.

## Culture

You need to demonstrate knowledge of Russian culture (eg. *Russian festivals, music, education system*) to achieve the highest marks in the A-level speaking exam.

When you are researching topics, try and make a note of facts/ statistics which you could use in your exam.

Look out for documentaries about Russia on tv – they can provide good background information.

During Year 12 you will study a film called '*Burnt by the Sun*' which is about life in the USSR in 1930s under Stalin's rule. You can watch the film (with English subtitles) online and research what life was like at that time in the USSR.

## Russian summer term challenges!

- Print out 5 Russian newspaper headlines and try to translate them.
- Do you know Russian leaders? List the leaders of Russia from Gorbachev to the present day. Choose 2 or 3 leaders and write about how they have impacted on Russia.
- Print out lyrics of a Russian song (not too long). Can you understand any words? Translate into English some of the words you do know and look up the meaning of a few others.
- Research 2 Russian musicians. What are their best achievements? Listen to their music – what genre is it? What do you think of it?
- Find information about a successful Russian businessman. What industry/ business are they involved in? How wealthy are they? Any particular achievements?
- Russian festivals – how do Russians celebrate Christmas/ New Year/ Easter? Which other festivals are important in Russia? When are these festivals celebrated?

If you are considering taking Spanish in Year 12 as one of your four A-level options, we would suggest completing the work as explained here. This work will provide you with some background information about Spanish culture and recent history and give you the chance to develop your language skills. Most importantly, **you must continue to practise your Spanish** (speaking, reading, writing, listening) **by doing short activities every week**. There are lots of ideas on how you can do this.

## Reading and Listening

Use news and video resources on the internet to find out current affairs and research the topics you are studying:

<https://www.bbc.com/mundo> -Spanish version of BBC news.

[www.rtve.es](http://www.rtve.es) – A Spanish TV channel; watch and listen to the news and TV series.

[www.elpais.com](http://www.elpais.com) – An online Spanish newspaper.

Use *Netflix* or *Amazon prime* to watch a Hispanic film/ series with subtitles.

## Writing/ Grammar

There are some useful websites you can use to revise grammar points:

<https://www.spanishdict.com>

[www.languagesonline.org.uk](http://www.languagesonline.org.uk)

[www.colby.edu](http://www.colby.edu) (Spanish.language&culture)

<http://www.ver-taal.com>

You could write up notes on cases, verb conjugations etc. You could also write a diary about what you have been doing each week

## Speaking

Use any opportunity to practise speaking Spanish!

Set aside time once a week to text/ chat to your friends in Spanish.

Find a Spanish speaker pen pal

Read your speaking questions aloud. Record yourself saying a Spanish paragraph or text.

## Vocabulary learning

Make time each week to revise the GCSE vocabulary (there are links on firefly)

Change the settings on your mobile/social media into Spanish.

Use 'Quizlet' resources/ make flashcards to revise and practise meanings.

Use the app *Duolingo*

## Culture

You need to demonstrate knowledge of Hispanic culture (*eg. Spanish festivals and customs, celebrities, major changes in society, cultural heritage, cyberspace in the Hispanic world*) to achieve the highest marks in the A-level speaking exam.

When you are researching topics, try and make a note of facts/ statistics which you could use in your exam.

Look out for documentaries about Spain/Latin America on tv – they can provide good background information.

During Year 12 you will study a film called '*María Ilena eres de gracia*' which is about drug trafficking between Colombia and the United States.

## Spanish summer challenges!

- Print out 5 Spanish newspaper headlines and try to translate them.
- Print out lyrics to a Spanish song (not too long). Can you understand any words? Translate into English some of the words you do know and look up the meaning of a few others.
- Research some history of Spain and take brief notes. Relevant events happened in the following years. What were they?
  - 1936-1939; 1939-1975; 1976-1978
- Research 2 Hispanic celebrities (singer, sports person, model, film star). What are their best achievements? Why are they so popular in the Hispanic world? What do you think of them?
- Find information about a traditional Spanish dish. What are the ingredients? In what region of Spain is it more popular?
- Spanish festivals –what festivals are important in Spain? In what region are they celebrated? When are these festivals celebrated?
- Cultural heritage- Research a historic site/building in the Hispanic world. Where is it? Why is it so popular for visitors?
- Do you know any important artist (for example, a painter)? What is his most important piece of work?

## STUDYING TEXTILES NEXT YEAR?

Please find below some recommended preparatory tasks and resources that you can complete in preparation for the start of the Year 12 course:

## GETTING A HEAD START...

This is linked to your first sixth form project of **'Structure'**. Work completed before September should be brought to your first lesson and will be used to form part of your introductory research for this unit, extending the time and opportunities for practical work.



### TASK 1:

- Follow artists, designers, museums and galleries on Instagram.
- Ensure you have a Pinterest account set up as we refer to it a lot during the year and it is a great resource for artists, techniques and inspiration. Follow us on [www.pinterest.co.uk/yumscrum/](http://www.pinterest.co.uk/yumscrum/) [www.pinterest.co.uk/balcarrasaek/](http://www.pinterest.co.uk/balcarrasaek/) and start to familiarise yourself with what Art Textiles is all about.  
Set up your own boards for **"Structure"**, **"Textiles Artists & Designers"**, **"Textiles Sketchbooks & Presentation"** & **"Sampling & Techniques"** and start pinning!

### TASK 2:

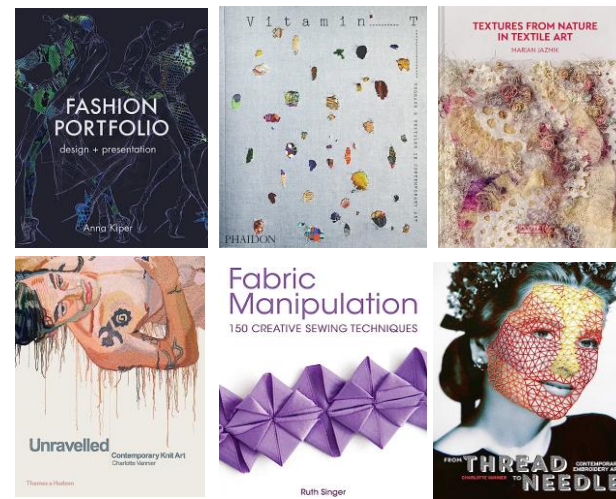
Mind map the theme of "Structure" using the template opposite

- What does the title mean to you, start by identifying and categorising examples of natural and manmade structure.
- Use the starting points on the template to broaden and deepen your ideas and responses. This will allow you to explore and develop more original and diverse work as the year progresses.

### TASK 3:

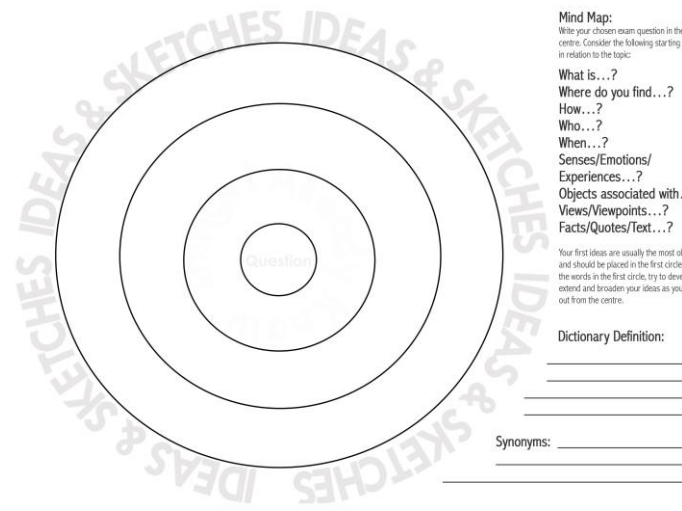
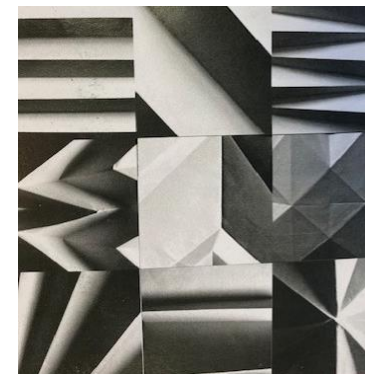
- Take photographs related to "Structure". Use the objects, themes and concepts identified on your mind map. Make sure your images are good quality. Aim for a minimum of 30.
- Complete a variety of drawings using your photos as reference. Experiment with different surfaces and record your observations in a variety of materials and techniques.

## USEFUL RESOURCES & WIDER READING:



- [www.62group.org.uk/](http://www.62group.org.uk/)
- [www.prismtextiles.co.uk/](http://www.prismtextiles.co.uk/)
- [www.textilesociety.org.uk/](http://www.textilesociety.org.uk/)
- [www.ukft.org/exhibitions-and-museums-22/](http://www.ukft.org/exhibitions-and-museums-22/)

# Textiles



**Mind Map:**  
Write your chosen exam questions in the centre. Consider the following starting points in relation to the topic:

What is...?  
Where do you find...?  
How...?  
Who...?  
When...?  
Senses/Emotions/  
Experiences...?  
Objects associated with...?  
Views/Viewpoints...?  
Facts/Quotes/Text...?

Your first ideas are usually the most obvious and should be placed in the first circle. From the words in the first circle, try to develop, extend and broaden your ideas as you work out from the centre.

Dictionary Definition:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Synonyms: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

# EXTENDED PROJECT QUALIFICATION

## What is EPQ ?

The extended project is a level 3 qualification for which UCAS points are awarded. It is worth half an A level.

It is an opportunity to **explore, research** and **produce** an extended piece of work in one of your chosen A level subjects, or in an area that you are simply interested in, that is beyond your academic studies. N.B. You cannot choose a topic covered in your AS or A2 syllabi.

You have completely free choice when deciding your project so it is an opportunity to explore something that you are really **passionate** about!

*"I did an EPQ alongside my A Levels, and thought that the experience prepared me for Uni in a way that no other course did. When I started my degree in History I already had experience of choosing an essay topic and independently researching and compiling a strong argument, something that other students had never experienced before. I would say that the EPQ was invaluable."*

EPQ student – Lauren Brown

At Balcarras we offer the EPQ (AQA Qualification) to all students in Year 12: Students have 2 lessons a fortnight dedicated to EPQ. Most students complete this qualification in year 13. For the last 2 years 50% of the cohort entered for this qualification achieved A\*-A.

## BENEFITS

The EPQ is a brilliant way to prepare yourself for University, the challenge of the workplace or apprenticeships. It gives you an opportunity to work in a University style with a supervisor to create a project that you feel passionate about researching. Over the course you will develop **essay writing, referencing, research and time management** skills whilst working on a project that you have designed. **It is also great for your personal statement for your UCAS application!**

## WHAT DOES IT INVOLVE?

You will need to choose and complete one of the following routes:

1. Write a **5000 word essay** based on independent research on a topic of your choice that draws a conclusion.
2. **Produce an artefact**: Perhaps research and design a history lesson, create a piece of art, an article of fashion, a performance, an animation, a script, a computer programme, a drone etcetera. Opting for this route you need to write a minimum **1000 word supporting report** to explain your research and how it has fully informed your artefact.

During the EPQ process you will record your journey in your **production log** explaining your management and organisation, justifying how you have judged research to be valid and reliable, explaining decisions and evaluating your process. In addition, you will give a **presentation** to your supervisor.

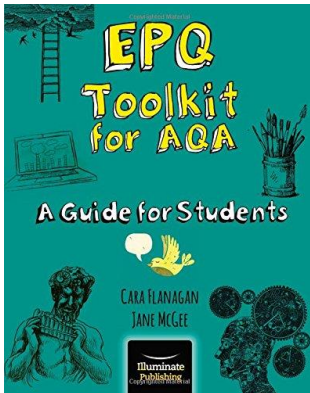
# EXTENDED PROJECT QUALIFICATION

## Advice for Year 11 Students:

As outlined above all students in year 12 undertake EPQ at Balcarras. In preparation for year 12 you could:

1. One of the hardest parts to EPQ is deciding on your own independent research topic. In preparation for this decision please make a list of **potential topic ideas** and **start to research whether they are feasible** – Is there enough valid and reliable information on your idea to write either a 5000 word essay that draws a conclusion, or enough research to fully inform an artefact. **Use google scholar to search for research.**
2. Check that there are **no DUAL accreditation issues** (i.e. Your potential EPQ topic is not covered in your AS or A2 syllabi.)
3. Start to **think carefully about post-18 options** and in particular potential University courses. EPQ works best for our students when they research a topic they wish to later study at University as not only does it keep students fully engaged but also reads very well on their UCAS personal statement.
4. **Consider carefully the form of the EPQ** you wish to undertake - would it be more beneficial for you to undertake the **essay route** or the **artefact route**?

5. **Buy the text book:**



Epq Toolkit for AQA. A Guide for Students by Cara Flanagan and Jane McGee.

We find this an excellent resource for our students as it guides them through the process and is written in a very student friendly manner with exemplars of E.P.Q. work.

6. In addition, if you wish to make a proper start both Southampton and Bath University have **online courses** that you can join that for free that will help guide you through the EPQ process. Southampton's MOOC is available at <https://www.futurelearn.com/courses/research-project> and Bath's MOOC can be found at <https://www.futurelearn.com/courses/epq-success>